

THE YAZOO WHITE AND POLITICAL REGISTER.

J. A. STEVENS, Editor & Proprietor.

YAZOO CITY, (MI.) FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1841.

VOL. 6, No. 9.—Whole No. 269.

Yazoo City White and Political Register.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

BY J. A. STEVENS,
(CITY PRINTER.)

On Main Street, opposite M. B. Hunter's, at the north end of the "Manchester Hall."

TERMS.—The White will be furnished to subscribers at \$5 00 per annum in advance. Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of \$1 00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents for each week thereafter—ten lines or less, constituting a square. The number of insertions required, must be marked on the margin of the manuscript, or they will be inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Advertisements from a distance, must be accompanied with the cash, or good reference in town. Announcing candidates for office will be \$10 for county offices, \$10 for state offices—in advance.

All advertisements of a personal nature will be charged double price, and payment required in advance.

Yearly Advertising.
For forty lines or less, renewable at pleasure \$50. No contract taken for less than one year—and payable half yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertising is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, sent in by them must be paid for by the square.

Professional Advertisements.
For 10 lines or less, not alterable, 3 months, \$12
" 10 do do do 6 do, 20
" 10 do do do 12 do, 30
As the above rates are the same as those established in Natchez, Vicksburg, Jackson, Grand Gulf and elsewhere in this State, no deduction will be made from them in any case whatever.

ALL JOB WORK MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. F. HAMER,
Attorney at Law,
YAZOO CITY, MISSISSIPPI.
March 8, 1840. 44-1f

JOHN BATTLE,
Attorney at Law,
BRYAN,
Yazoo County, Mi.

Will regularly attend each term of the Superior Court of Chancery, the High Court of Errors and Appeals, and the Circuit Courts of Holmes, Attala and Yazoo.

Q. D. GIBBS,
Attorney and Counselor,
Yazoo City, Mississippi.

WILL regularly attend the Circuit Courts of Yazoo and Holmes counties, the Federal Court and Chancery court at Jackson, and the Supreme court.

Office adjoining his residence on Broad street.
April 16, 1841. 40-6m

L. P. MAXWELL,
COTTON FACTOR

General Commission Merchant.
BACK OTTON, No. 69, MAGAZINE STREET,
NEW-ORLEANS.

ALL COTTON consigned to his address, will be sold, each crop separately. Beside the regular Commission on sales, the expenses actually paid out on each bale will be charged, and so on &c.
New-Orleans, June 26, 1841. 51-6t.

GEORGE LIMERICK & CO.,
VICKSBURG,
A FEW DOORS NORTH OF CHILDREN'S
HOTEL, ON WASHINGTON STREET.

Offers for Sale,
750 BARRELS of Mess and Prime
Port,
350 Kegs, & 75 Bbls. of Lard.
80,000 lbs. of Bacon,
300 pieces of Bagging & Rope.
With a variety of articles in the same line.
Vicksburg, June 3, 1841. 48-4f

NOTICE.

I HAVE been appointed by the Governor of the State of New York, a commissioner for the State of Mississippi, to take the acknowledgment and proof of deeds and other instruments, or writing under seal to be used or recorded in the said State of New York, and to administer oaths or affirmations, pursuant to the act of the Legislature of said State, entitled "An act to authorize the appointment of Commissioners for the above purposes," passed May 13, 1840.

F. W. QUACKENBOSCH,
Commissioner &c.
January 1st, 1841. 25-4f

A CARD.

WILLIAM F. COURTNEY,
Commission Merchant,
Corner of Jackson and Levee Streets, fronting the Landing, Vicksburg.

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of PLANTATION SUPPLIES, PRODUCE AND GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, all of which shall be furnished at a small advance on New-Orleans prices. WINES AND LIQUORS shall be furnished pure and UNADULTERATED, and of the very choicest brands. Liberal advances made on cotton consigned to New-Orleans.
February 26, 1841. 33-4f

WHITE CREEK SPRINGS.

THIS fashionable, well known, and popular watering place, ELEVEN miles north of this city, is now open for the reception of visitors.

Many improvements have been made during the winter and spring, in extending the pleasure grounds, buildings, &c.

A POST OFFICE has been established at the Springs, and a daily line of Mail Stages will pass morning and evening—thus affording visitors every facility of receiving letters or reaching the Springs from any point.

Those arrangements, together with a plentiful supply of ICE, GOOD MUSIC, and other facilities to "DRIVE DULL CARE AWAY," enables the proprietor to renew his pledges to his former patrons, and the public generally, to use every effort to contribute to the comfort of his guests, and render their stay with him pleasant and agreeable.

D. T. SCOTT, Proprietor.

Rates of Charges.

BOARD, per month, \$30 00
Do, per week, 8 00
Do, per day, 1 50
HORSE, per week, 3 00
Do, per day, 50
Nashville, Tenn., May 3, 1841. 46-3m.

HEWES' NERVE & BONE LINIMENT.

THIS article is offered to the public as a never failing cure for the Rheumatism, and it has for a number of years sustained its reputation, and accomplished cures which had defied the power of every other article. In acute and recent cases, the relief is invariably, after one or two applications of the Liniment, and in Chronic Rheumatism, the cases of cure are numerous. It is truly a remedy that reaches the NERVE AND LORE, with the most happy effect.

Sole Wholesale and Retail by Comstock & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 2 Fletcher-street, N. Y., and the principal Druggists in the Union.

Who will go Bald?

COLONEL SEAVER, Postmaster at Batavia, is known to the fact, that Dr. Hingham, of Genesee county, aged over 70, and for more than 17 years, very bald, has had his hair FULLY restored by the use of one bottle of the Balm of Columbia, from COMSTOCK & CO.

Have you a cough?—Do not neglect it!—Thousands have met a premature death for the want of a little attention to a common cold.

Have you a cough?—Rev. Dr. Bartholomew's Expectant Syrup, a safe medical prescription, containing no poisonous drugs, and used in an extensive practice for several years, will most positively afford relief, and save you from that awful disease pulmonary consumption, which usually sweeps in the grave, hundreds of the young, the old, the fair, the lovely and the gay!

Have you a cough?—Be persuaded to purchase a bottle of this Expectant Syrup, to-day!—To-morrow may be too late.

Have you a cough?—Bartholomew's Expectant Syrup is the only remedy you should take to cure you.

For this plain reason:—That in no one of the thousand cases where it has been used, has it failed to relieve.

For sale at the Drug Store of COMSTOCK & CO., 2 Fletcher st., near Pearl, N. Y., and in Yazoo City at the store of.

R. H. RANDOLPH.

THE FRIEND OF ALL! DALLEY'S

Musical Pain Extractor.

FIRE, Frost, Scald, and their torture in every case subdued in five minutes; all injuries healed without scar. Inflammations, mortifications and swellings exterminated. Sore and weak eyes cured, and broken breasts prevented and healed.

The family friend will not be genuine unless signed "Henry Dalley on the wrapper, and Comstock & Co., New-York, Agents for the United States, British America, Texas, &c.

For sale by R. H. RANDOLPH, Yazoo City, 43-4f.

May 7, 1841.

N. B. TEN DOLLARS will be given to any person buying a box of DALLEY'S MUSICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, and return it empty, irreproachably testifying that the torture of a burn is not extracted in a few minutes. The hourly increased demand for this article, has proved it, on all kinds of injuries, as a superior quality, over all other compositions. It leaves no scar, even after small-pox pustules, when applied in season; amblyopia, and insensibility, feline, fever sores, erysipelas, white swellings, all kinds of inflammations, cuts, wounds, frost bites, sore eyes, sores, indeed, hardly any kind of bruise or injury the human frame is subject to, but is readily subdued by this valuable salve.

LIVERY STABLE:

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of this place, and the country generally, that he has opened a LIVERY STABLE in this place, on Jefferson street, at the Brick Stable formerly kept by Mr. J. A. Porcain, where every attention will be paid to horses left in his charge, and he hopes, that by devoting his attention exclusively to the business, and charging as low as any other establishment of the kind in this place, to merit a share of public patronage.

R. F. WHITMAN, Yazoo City, May 7, 1841. 43-4m.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly and Expeditiously executed at this OFFICE.

ASK, INQUIRE—

Ask Those who Know.

THOSE only who know by trial or immediate observation, can form any idea of the effects of the perfect relief, of the almost charm-like cures effected in case of the PILES, RHEUMATISM, ALL SWELLINGS, AND ALL EXTERNAL PAINS, no matter how severe, by the use of Hay's Liniment. Find one who has used it that will not laud it above all things ever used, and you will find—what cannot be found.

For the relief of suffering human beings who may be afflicted, I beg you to ask—inquire,—and you will find many knowing of cases unconquerable by all other remedies, or physicians, though tried for many years, that have been cured by the use of the genuine

Hay's Liniment.

Thousands of other persons know of similar cures. We appeal to their sense of justice—their human feelings.

It is but a duty you owe to your suffering fellow-beings, to let this great remedy be known. Speak of it then to all your friends. This will save much pain where the newspapers are not read, or where readers are incredulous, because so many worthless articles are advertised for the same purpose.

To buyers we say, if all who have used it do not say it is beyond all praise, then do not take it. The proprietor will not allow this article to be paid for unless it cures, when all the directions are fully followed. Will any one suffering refuse now to try it? If he does, he ought to be pitied more for his obstinacy than his suffering.

Mr. Hays would never consent to offer this article, were he not compelled by his sense of moral—of religious duty—to do all in his power for the victims of distress and misery. For this purpose he would sooner devote a fortune, than secure a dollar for any worthless article.

LOOK OUT.—Some swindlers have counterfeited this article, and put it up with various devices. Do not be imposed upon. Nothing will protect you—it is the name of COMSTOCK & CO.; that name must be always on the wrapper, or you are cheated. Do not forget it. Take this direction with you, and test by that, or never buy; for it is impossible for any other to be true or genuine.

SOLEMON HAYS,
Sold by COMSTOCK & CO., 2 Fletcher street, New York, and in Yazoo City, by R. H. RANDOLPH.

April 2, 1841. 38

TO THE BALD HEADED, AND OTHERS.

DOES any know a neighbor or a friend who has been Bald, and whose head is now covered with fine hair? One whose coat collar was covered with dandruff, though brushed every hour—Or one whose hairs at early age were turning grey, who now has not a grey hair? Children whose heads were covered with scurf,—whose hair would not grow, that are now growing the fullest crops of hair? Some cases must be known to most persons. Ask them the cause, and you will be told, these things have been done by the use of the BALM OF COLUMBIA. Of 20 years growth is this article, its demand increasing annually some hundred per cent.—though when discovered not opposed by any thing for the same purpose, now assailed by almost numberless mushroom trash preparations that will ruin the hair if used to any extent. Can more than these facts be wanted—refer to the recommendations by a list of names of respectability, unequalled by any other article. Look to these things—buy this article. Stay and preserve your hair by its use, or if bald restore it. Ladies, attend to this—hundreds in fashionable life are using it as the only article really fit for the toilet. Long hair is very apt to fall out. Ladies, use the Balm of Columbia in time to save yourselves the disgrace of baldness by neglect of your persons.

It is your duty, as moralists, to preserve the beauties of nature, with which a bountiful Creator has endowed you—use the Balm, for it will do it.

Caution to be Observed.

Several most fraudulent attempts have been made to counterfeit the Balm of Columbia. Some of the impostors have gone so far as to counterfeit the splendid wrappers, and the Falls of Niagara, and every external mark except the name of Comstock, which they dare not forge.

To avoid impostures, therefore, always look for the name of Comstock & Co. or L. S. Comstock, and never buy the article unless it has that name upon it.

Sold wholesale and retail at No. 2 Fletcher street, New York; and by

R. H. RANDOLPH, Yazoo City, March 12, 1841. 35

BLANK DEEDS

For sale at this Office.

THE WHIG & REGISTER.

Terms—\$5 in Advance.

Below will be found a synopsis of the Bankrupt Bill, which is now the law of the land, and is to take effect on the first day of February next.

The Bankrupt Bill.

For the purpose of bringing the principal provisions of this Bill within a small compass, and to facilitate an examination of it, we have, with some labor, prepared the following synopsis of it. This Bill, it will be recollected, passed the Senate some time since, and has not yet been acted on in the House. Verbal accounts are unfavorable to its receiving the attention of the latter branch of Congress at its present session; these accounts are rebutted by a vote upon the motion to lay a resolution from the committee on the judiciary, declaring it inexpedient to act upon this subject this session, upon the table. The vote upon that motion was 118 affirmative, to 81 negative, which may be regarded as an evidence of a disposition in the House to take action upon the subject.—Baltimore Pot.

Section 1. Enacts that a uniform system of bankruptcy shall be established throughout the United States—and that all persons owing debts, who shall by petition, setting forth a list of his or their creditors, the amount due each, together with an inventory of his property, of any kind, verified by oath, apply to the proper court for the benefit of this act, shall be deemed bankrupts, and may be declared so by a decree of such court. All persons being merchants or retailers of merchandise, all brokers, underwriters, or marine insurers, owing debts to the amount of not less than \$2,000, shall be liable to become bankrupts, and may, upon petition of one or more of their creditors to whom they owe not less than \$500, be so declared in the following cases, to wit: whenever each debtor shall deplete the State of which he is an inhabitant, with intent to defraud his creditors; or shall procure himself to be arrested or have his goods, &c., taken in execution; or shall remove his goods, &c., or conceal them, to prevent their being levied on; or make any fraudulent assignment or sale of his lands, goods, &c.—Provided, however, any person so declared a bankrupt at the instance of a creditor, may, by petition to such court, have a trial by jury to ascertain the fact of such bankruptcy.

Section 2. Enacts that all future payments, conveyances, &c., made in contemplation of bankruptcy, or for the purpose of giving any creditor an undue preference, or any such payment or conveyance to any person not a creditor, for a valuable consideration, without notice, shall be deemed void and a fraud upon this act, and the assignee under the bankruptcy shall be entitled to claim and sue for the same; and the person making such unlawful preferences shall receive no discharge. And if it shall be made to appear to the court that, in the case of a voluntary bankrupt, he has at any time given or secured any preference of one creditor over another, in contemplation of the passage of a bankruptcy law, he shall not receive a discharge unless assented to by a majority in interest of those of his creditors not preferred. Nothing in this act shall in any way impair the rights of married women or minors, or any liens, mortgages, &c., which may be valid by the laws of the States respectively, and not inconsistent with the second and fifth sections of this act.

Section 3. All property of every description, of every person declared a bankrupt, except as is hereinafter provided, shall be ipso facto divested out of the bankrupt, and the same shall be vested in such assignee as shall be appointed by the court—suits pending by the bankrupt shall be continued by the assignee, and no suit by or against an assignee shall abate by death of said assignee. There shall be excepted by the provisions of this section, such necessary household and kitchen furniture of the bankrupt as the assignee shall designate, having reference to the amount to the family and condition of the bankrupt, but in no case to exceed in value \$300, and also the necessary wearing apparel—on exception being taken to the determination of the assignee, the matter to be decided by the court.

Section 4. Every bankrupt, who shall comply faithfully with the provisions of this act, shall (unless a majority in number and value of his creditors who have proved their debts, shall file their written dissent thereto) be entitled to a full discharge from all his debts and a certificate thereof granted him—such certificate, however, not to be granted until after ninety days from the decree of bankruptcy, nor until seventy days notice is given to all creditors and persons interested, to appear and show cause why such certificate should not be granted. Such bankrupt shall at all times be subject to examination orally, or upon written interrogatories, before such court, on oath, in all matters relating

to such bankruptcy, which are necessary for the purposes of justice. If in any case of bankruptcy, a majority, in number and value, of the creditors who shall have proved their debts, shall, at the time of hearing of the petition for a discharge, file their written dissent to the allowance of a discharge and certificate to such bankrupt, or if, upon such hearing, a discharge shall not be decreed to him, he may demand a trial by jury, upon a proper issue to be directed by the court, or he may appeal from that decision to the Circuit Court. And if, upon a full hearing, it shall be found by the court or the jury, that the bankrupt has, in all things, complied with the requisitions of this act, the court shall decree his discharge.

Section 5. Creditors coming in and proving their debts, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, shall be paid, *pro rata*, and no priority or preference shall be allowed, except for debts due the United States and laborers in the service of the bankrupt, when those of the latter shall not exceed \$25.—All creditors whose claims are not due till a future day, shall have their present value ascertained and allowed.

Section 6. The District Court, in every district, shall have jurisdiction in all matters and proceedings arising under this act, the proceedings to be summary and the court always to be open. The court to prescribe forms and rules for the regulation of proceedings, and to prescribe a tariff of fees.

Section 7. All proceedings in a case of bankruptcy, shall take place in the district in which the bankrupt resided when his petition was filed, and all proofs of debts or other claims by creditors shall be under oath before such court or commissioner appointed thereby, or before some disinterested State Judge, in such form as the court may direct. But such proof of debts shall be open to contestation.

Section 8. The Circuit Court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the District Court of suits brought by the assignee against persons claiming an adverse interest, or by such persons against the assignee, touching any property or rights of property of the bankrupt transferable to, or vested in, the assignee; all such suits barred after two years from the date of the bankruptcy.

Section 9. All sales, transfers, &c., by the assignee of the bankrupt's property, shall be made as ordered by the court—all assets shall be paid into the court within thirty days from the time of their receipt, subject to the order of the court for their disposition—and bond shall be given by the assignee for the faithful discharge of his duties.

Section 10. The Court shall require the collection of assets, to be made as speedily as the interest of the creditors will allow, and a distribution of them made every six months, and all proceedings shall be closed, if possible, in two years.

Section 11. The assignee shall have authority to redeem and discharge any mortgage, lien, &c., upon any property, and to render a due performance of the conditions thereof, and also to compound debts, under the order or direction of the court—and creditors shall have notice and be allowed to show cause why such order or direction should not be passed.

Section 12. The proceedings in all cases of bankruptcy shall be deemed matters of record, but shall not be recorded at length. This section also establishes certain fees to be charged by the officers.

Section 13. This section provides for cases in which two or more persons are partners in trade, become insolvent, and directs the assignee to distribute the proceeds of property, joint and separate, among their joint and separate creditors, according to equitable rules—in all respects, except as relates to the manner of distributing and disposing of the proceeds of the property of such partners, the proceedings against them shall be the same as if had against one person alone.

Section 14. Prescribes the manner of constructing the deeds to be given by the assignee, upon the sale of any lands of the bankrupt.

Section 15. Confers upon the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, and upon the Superior Courts of the Territories, all the jurisdiction, power, &c., vested in the District Court of the United States, in cases of bankruptcy.

Section 17. Prescribes the time when the act shall commence taking effect, and the period of its duration.

We knew a lady who once left a ball room because a mechanic entered. She married a basket maker, and died a wash woman.—And of a gentleman who did the same thing and not long afterwards was compelled to go to a mechanic to be saved from jail. Labor not only redounds to wealth, but merit. "Six days shall thou labor," saith the Scripture.—Rochester Ado.

A clock is a very ticklish thing—more so than love, in our opinion.